



POLICE DEPARTMENT

June 1, 2005

MEMORANDUM FOR: POLICE COMMISSIONER

Re: Detective Lissander Dones
Tax Registry No. 885547
Housing Borough Bronx/Queens
Disciplinary Case No. 80292/04

The above-named member of the Department appeared before me on February 1 and February 2, 2005, charged with the following:

1. Said Detective Lissander Dones, assigned to Internal Affairs Bureau, on or about November 26, 2003 and November 28, 2003 did wrongfully and without just cause prevent or interfere with an official Department investigation.

P.G. 203-10, Page 1, Paragraph 2(d) - PROHIBITED CONDUCT

2. Said Detective Lissander Dones, assigned as indicated in Specification No. 1, on or about November 26, 2003 and November 28, 2003, wrongfully divulged or disclosed official Department business.

P.G. 203-10, Page 1, Paragraph 3 - PROHIBITED CONDUCT

3. Said Detective Lissander Dones assigned to the Internal Affairs Bureau, during an official Department investigation, conducted by Lieutenant Ronald Mejia and Sergeant Francis Teran of Internal Affairs Bureau Group #41, on September 7, 2004, pursuant to the provisions of Patrol Guide Section 206-13 did wrongfully make false and misleading statements. (*As amended*)

P.G. 203-08, Page 1, Paragraph 1 - PROHIBITED CONDUCT

4. Said Detective Lissander Dones assigned to the Internal Affairs Bureau, on or about November 28, 2003, while off duty, did wrongfully and without just cause operate a Department

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vehicle #169 without permission or authority to do so. *(As amended)*

P.G. 203-05, Page 1, Paragraph 16 - PERFORMANCE OF DUTY - GENERAL
GENERAL REGULATIONS

5. Said Detective Lissander Dones assigned to the Internal Affairs Bureau, on or about November 28, 2003, while off duty, did access a Department computer, IAB PRO, and make unofficial inquiries for non-Departmental purposes. *(As amended)*

P.G. 219-14, Page 1, Paragraph 2 - DEPARTMENT COMPUTER SYSTEMS
DEPARTMENT PROPERTY

The Department was represented by Natalie Baptiste, Esq., Department Advocate's Office, and the Respondent was represented by Philip Karasyk, Esq.

The Respondent, through his counsel, entered a plea of Not Guilty to the subject charges. A stenographic transcript of the trial record has been prepared and is available for the Police Commissioner's review.

DECISION

The Respondent is found Guilty of Specification Nos. 2 and 5. The Respondent is found Not Guilty of Specification Nos. 1, 3 and 4.

EVIDENCE

Introduction

It is not disputed that when the Respondent was first assigned to Manhattan North Narcotics, Detective Julio Vasquez was designated to train him and at times while the Respondent was assigned to Manhattan North Narcotics he worked with Detective Louis Nieves

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Diaz. In 1995, the Respondent was assigned to Internal Affairs Bureau (IAB) Group 52. In 2001, the Respondent was assigned to the IAB Group 51 which investigates police impersonators.

The Department's Case

The Department called Detective Michael Clohessy, Sergeant Gregory Garland, Detective Donald Mounts, and Sergeant Francis Teran as witnesses.

Clohessy, who has been assigned to IAB Group 51 for the past ten years, testified that the Respondent was assigned as his partner during 2003 and that they worked out of the Bronx Inspections Unit which has offices inside the 48 Precinct. Clohessy recalled that he and the Respondent worked a 3:00 p.m. to 11:00 p.m. tour on November 26, 2003. They were directed to respond to a "call out" at the 1st Precinct station house to assist the Manhattan team regarding arrests of police impersonators. Clohessy signed out their regular assigned vehicle, number 169, an unmarked black Chevrolet Impala sedan. Clohessy testified that this vehicle can only be used to conduct official IAB business and that only he and the Respondent possessed keys to the vehicle.

They were inside the detective squad area of the 1st Precinct station house, with Detective Minaya, when they learned of an unrelated "call out." Other members of Group 51 responded to this "call out" which, although no names were mentioned, related to the Organized Crime Investigation Division (OCID) and concerned a police officer impersonation allegation involving the "rip off" of a drug dealer in Queens. They were at the 1st Precinct station house all day.

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When they returned to the Bronx Inspections Unit at the end of their tour on November 26, 2003, Clohessy parked vehicle number 169 in the 48 Precinct parking lot. He and the Respondent left in their personal vehicles.

Clohessy recalled that he "was RDO (regular day off)" on November 28, 2003, and since the Respondent was assigned as his partner, the Respondent "would have been RDO that day also." Clohessy testified that on November 28, 2003, he did not go to the 48 Precinct, he did not use vehicle number 169, he did not enter the Bronx Inspections Unit and he did not use his IAB-assigned computer code to access IAB records that day. He never told the Respondent his code number and he has never used the code number of the Respondent or anyone else to access IAB records. When he was asked if had ever used his code number to access the records of other IAB Groups, he answered, "Rarely, if ever."

On cross-examination, Clohessy testified that the entire 1st Precinct detective squad heard the radio transmission regarding the OCID criminal impersonation "call out." He testified that although IAB Groups 53 and 56 are also housed in the 48 Precinct station house, "We generally don't go into other Group's offices." The Respondent is visible to anyone entering the Group 51 office area whenever the Respondent is seated at his desk. He conceded that "it sometimes occurs" that a Group 51 detective who has not used his personal code number to log onto the computer will ask a colleague who has logged on to "run info" that only the non-logged detective is interested in. He also acknowledged that sometimes members assigned to Group 51 forget to log off the computer after they have completed their work and another detective will "run info" on the computer without first logging in under their own code number. He sometimes uses his code number to "scroll logs" on IA PRO "to see what's going on," but that, "I don't scroll for

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curiosity.” He only accesses police impersonation logs because Impersonation Team members have no reason to access corruption logs, although he knew of no rule which prohibits members assigned to Group 51 from accessing corruption logs. He never observed the Respondent violating any IAB procedure. He never noticed any piece of paper on the Respondent’s desk with his code number on it. Clohessy recalled that vehicle number 169 has an EZ pass which is attached to a velcro strip and can be removed by hand. Vehicle number 169 had previously been assigned to Detective Minaya. When Minaya was transferred, he gave Clohessy the key to the car but Clohessy did not know whether Minaya kept a copy of the key.

Garland, who is assigned to IAB Group 51, testified that he was not aware of any switching of EZ passes between IAB vehicles and that when he accesses IA PRO, he only uses his own personal access code. He admitted that he sometimes accesses corruption logs out of curiosity. He recalled that November 28, 2003 was his regular day off. He admitted that after November 28, 2003, he accessed the log regarding Detective Julio Vasquez even though it was not a Group 51 case.

On cross-examination, Garland testified that sometime in the evening on November 26, 2003, he heard about the “call out” concerning the “rip off” of a drug dealer in Queens and he learned that a former member of the service named Rachko had been arrested and that Vasquez was named in the investigation. Garland testified team members were discussing this “call out” and that when Vasquez name came up during the discussion, the Respondent volunteered, “Julio Vasquez? I know him. I used to work with him. He broke me in.” Garland testified that if a member assigned to Group 51 forgets to log off the computer after they have completed their

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work, the IA PRO program does not automatically shut down and anyone who then uses the computer can access IA PRO. Garland testified that he has a "good opinion" of the Respondent who has received high evaluations and has no integrity issues.

Mounts, who has been assigned to IAB Group 51 since March, 2001, testified that he is the LAN Manager and that he is the only person in Group 51 who has an all-access computer code. In 2001, he prepared a list of all assigned access codes but, since the Respondent was not yet assigned to Group 51, the Respondent's code was not on this list and the list was not updated after the Respondent's arrival at Group 51 to reflect the access code that had already been provided to the Respondent when he was assigned to Group 52. Mounts testified that he has never possessed knowledge of the Respondent's access code number. Mounts testified that although IAB has no written procedure regarding IA PRO access, in 2001, he attended an IAB training program in which the instructor told the class, "Do not go through the system. Access only your Group's codes." On November 28, 2003, he worked a 0545 hours to 1400 hours tour at Group 51. He was certain that he signed out and left work at 1400 hours.

Teran testified that after Nieves Diaz became a subject in the Vasquez investigation, he obtained Nieves Diaz' telephone records which reflected that the Respondent had telephoned Nieves Diaz on November 26 and 27, 2003. The Respondent then became a person of interest, but not a subject, regarding the Vasquez investigation. Teran obtained Group 51's computer records which reflected that the Respondent's confidential IAB computer access code number was used on November 28, 2003, from 1414 hours to 1425 hours, to access a number of

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corruption case logs related to the Vasquez investigation (DX 4).

When FBI Special Agent (SA) Hosey informed IAB that he intended to attempt to interview the Respondent at his residence, it was determined that IAB personnel should be also be present at this interview. On July 8, 2004, Captain Scollan, Lieutenant Meija, Sergeant Morton and Teran drove to the Respondent's residence in several vehicles. The interview had already begun when Teran joined the group in front of the Respondent's house. Teran heard the Respondent state that he had accessed corruption case logs contained the IA-PRO database out of curiosity. Teran testified that this interview was not tape recorded and none of the IAB personnel who were present took any notes because it was an FBI interview not an IAB interview and they knew that SA Hosey would prepare a "302" (FBI interview report) memorializing the interview. Teran recalled that he asked the Respondent "one or two" questions during the interview.

On cross-examination, Teran testified that all members of the service (MOS) assigned to Group 51 during November, 2003, with one exception, were interviewed and questioned regarding whether they had seen the Respondent inside or in the vicinity of Group 51's offices on November 28, 2003. All responded in the negative. Two of these MOS were detectives who had worked day tours at Group 51 and who signed the log "at 1415 hours." The movement records reflected that several members of the team worked past 1415 hours, but that they were in the field, not the office. He never visited Group 51's offices to establish the layout of the office.

He requested to be allowed to refer to the "302" prepared by SA Hosey in order to recall what questions the Respondent was asked and what his answers were at the interview in front of his house on July 8, 2004. Sergeant Teran acknowledged that SA Hosey's "302" reflected that the Respondent was asked "if he ever accessed the NYPD computer system." He testified that

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he could not recall whether the Respondent was asked if he had accessed IA PRO on his day off or whether the Respondent was asked about Vasquez or Nieves Diaz. He testified that since this interview was not considered to be an Official Department Interview, none of the Patrol Guide procedures that are mandated at Official Department Interviews were followed. These procedures were followed at the Official Department Interview conducted on September 7, 2004 (DX 6).

The Respondent's Case

The Respondent testified in his own behalf.

The Respondent's testimony regarding the events of November 26, 2003, at the 1st Precinct station house was consistent with the testimony of Clohessy and Garland. After Garland mentioned that Vasquez had been arrested, the Respondent tried to telephone Nieves Diaz on November 26, 2003, to discuss this with him, but he did not speak with Nieves Diaz until the next day. The Respondent testified that during their telephone conversation on November 27, 2003, he told him that "we had a call out last night" and that Julio Vasquez had been arrested regarding a "drug rip-off in Queens" along with "some guy named Rachko." The Respondent did not know anyone named Rachko. He believed that because Vasquez was assigned to Manhattan North Narcotics and Nieves Diaz was assigned to OCCB Inspections, Nieves Diaz would be aware of the fact that Vasquez had been arrested.

With regard to the computer records which showed that the Respondent's confidential IAB computer access code number was used on November 28, 2003, from 1414 hours to 1425 hours to access corruption case logs related to the Vasquez investigation (DX 4), the Respondent

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testified that he had not used his code because he did not come into work on November 28, 2003, since it was his regular day off (RDO). The Respondent testified that sometimes when a member assigned to Group 51 uses their confidential code number to access IAB computer records and fails to log out, a co-worker may access records by using the code number of the member who was already logged on. The Respondent also testified that during November, 2003, his confidential IAB code number was on a piece of paper he had tacked on the bulletin board at his desk and that someone could have seen this number and used his code number to access the Vasquez logs on November 28, 2004. When he was interviewed by IAB and FBI SA Hosey in front of his residence on July 8, 2004, he was asked if he had ever looked at corruption logs and he truthfully told them that he had sometimes accessed non-Group 51 logs. He testified that at his Official Department Interview on September 7, 2004, he became confused by Teran's questions regarding what logs he had accessed and what period of time Teran was referencing.

On cross-examination, the Respondent acknowledged that he had not heard or read about any public announcement about Vasquez arrest via any mass media outlet, such as a newspaper or a radio or television newscast. The Respondent testified that when he telephoned Nieves Diaz on November 28, 2003 and told him that Vasquez had been arrested, he was conscious that it was likely that IAB's investigation into Vasquez' activities was continuing.

FINDINGS AND ANALYSISSpecification Nos. 1 and 2

The Respondent is found Guilty of Specification No. 2 because the Respondent admitted that during a telephone conversation with Nieves Diaz on November 27, 2003, he told him that

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“we had a call out last night” and that Julio Vasquez had been arrested regarding a “drug rip-off in Queens” along with “some guy named Rachko” whom the Respondent did not know (Transcript page 307). The Respondent acknowledged that he divulged this information to Nieves Diaz even though the Respondent knew that it was likely that IAB’s investigation into Vasquez’ activities was continuing.

The Respondent contended that he had no intent to wrongfully divulge or disclose official Department business. He asserted that he believed that because Vasquez was assigned to a narcotics unit and because Nieves Diaz was assigned to OCID Inspections, Nieves Diaz would likely have already been privy to the fact that Vasquez had been arrested. However, the Respondent implicitly admitted in his testimony that he disclosed to Nieves Diaz the fact that Vasquez had been arrested (and the other confidential information cited above), without first ascertaining whether Nieves Diaz was already aware of any of these facts. Nieves Diaz had no right to this information and, as far as the Respondent knew, no announcement that Vasquez had been arrested had been broadcast or otherwise disclosed through any mass media. The Respondent’s (and Clohessy’s) testimony that the “drug rip off” became generally known to non-IAB MOS on November 26, 2003, because members of the 1st Precinct Detective Squad overheard that IAB was responding to a Queens “call out” regarding a police impersonation “drug rip off,” is irrelevant because no subject names were mentioned in this call out. The Respondent admitted that he first learned that Vasquez was one of the subjects of the “call out” later that day when he overheard Garland mention Vasquez’ name.

However, the Respondent is found Not Guilty of Specification No. 1 because the Department presented no evidence that the Respondent’s disclosures to Nieves Diaz interfered

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with or in any way affected, much less compromised or prevented, IAB's continuing investigation into Vasquez' activities.

Specification No. 3

This Specification charges that the Respondent made false and misleading statements at his Official Department Interview on September 7, 2004. In a Bill of Particulars that was provided to the Respondent by the Assistant Department Advocate after he was served with this charge, the Department gave notice to the Respondent that the false and misleading statements he is alleged to have made at his Official Department Interview consisted of the Respondent's answers "throughout his Official Department Interview that he could not remember, or could not recall telling investigators that he had accessed the IA-Probe (sic) database, and did so out of curiosity, to review information about the investigation into Detective Julio Vasquez."

It is not disputed that the Respondent was interviewed in front of his residence by FBI Special Agent (SA) Hosey in the presence of Captain Scollan, Lieutenant Meija, Sergeant Morton and Sergeant Teran on July 8, 2004. Although the Bill of Particulars does not specifically cite to this interview, the Assistant Department Advocate stated that the phrase "telling investigators" alludes to this outdoor interview. In addition, although the Bill of Particulars does not specifically cite the date that the Respondent was alleged to have accessed the IA PRO database out of curiosity to review information about the investigation into Detective Vasquez, the Assistant Department Advocate stated that the Bill of Particulars should have cited the date of November 28, 2003.

Thus, to prove that the Respondent made false and misleading statements at his Official

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Department Interview about what he said at the July 8, 2004 interview, the Department was required to first establish that the Respondent specifically stated on July 8, 2004, that he had accessed the IA-PRO database on November 28, 2003, out of curiosity, to review corruption logs about the investigation into Detective Vasquez. The only evidence offered by the Department to establish what questions the Respondent was asked and what answers he provided, was the recollection of Sergeant Teran, since this interview was not tape recorded and none of the IAB personnel who were present took any notes or in any way memorialized the questions that were asked and the answers that given were during this interview.¹

Since this interview occurred seven months prior to his testimony, Sergeant Teran admitted, on cross-examination, that he needed to refer to the “302” (FBI interview report) prepared by SA Hosey in order to recall what questions the Respondent was asked and what answers he provided (Transcript page 260). Sergeant Teran then acknowledged that SA Hosey’s “302” reflected that the Respondent was asked “if he ever accessed the NYPD computer system (Transcript page 261).” Based on this testimony, it is not at all clear that SA Hosey specifically asked the Respondent whether he had accessed the IA-PRO database on November 28, 2003 for the specific purpose of reviewing the Vasquez corruption logs. The question of whether SA Hosey specifically referenced November 28, 2003 and the Vasquez corruption logs in the queries

¹ The Respondent asserted that the Department should not be permitted to use any statements he made during the July 8, 2004 interview against him at this Departmental disciplinary proceeding because his contractual rights were violated as a result of the manner in which this interview was conducted. The Respondent argued that because MOS assigned to IAB participated in this interview, the interview should have been conducted in accord with the procedures mandated by Patrol Guide section 206-13 regarding Interrogation of Members of the Service. However, since I have found the Respondent Not Guilty of Specification No. 3 on other grounds, there is no need to address this issue.

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he posed to the Respondent on July 8, 2004, is crucial since the Respondent acknowledged at his Official Department Interview (DX 6 Pages 28-29) that he had on occasion accessed non-Group 51 logs contained in IA-PRO database, and at this trial the Respondent acknowledged that he had accessed logs regarding Vasquez before November 26, 2003 (Transcript page 302), and that after November 28, 2003, he “might have” accessed logs regarding Vasquez although he was not certain of this. (Transcript page 309)

The record reflects other problems regarding the July 8, 2004 interview. Sergeant Teran candidly admitted that he was not present when the interview commenced and that he does not know what was said before he joined SA Hosey who was already speaking to the Respondent. Also, the completeness and accuracy of Sergeant Teran’s recollection of this interview must be questioned because even after he had the opportunity to refresh his recollection by reviewing SA Hosey’s “302,” Sergeant Teran candidly admitted that he could not recall whether the Respondent was asked if he had accessed IA PRO on his day off (Transcript page 244) or what SA Hosey had asked the Respondent about Vasquez or Nieves Diaz.

As a result of these factors, the trial record insufficiently establishes precisely what the Respondent was asked and exactly what the Respondent told SA Hosey on July 8, 2004.

Specification No. 4

The Respondent is found Not Guilty of this charge because the Department offered no reliable proof that the Respondent while off duty on November 28, 2003 “wrongfully and without just cause operate(d) Department vehicle #169.” The Department contended that the Respondent used vehicle number 169 to drive to Nieves Diaz’ residence. Vehicle #169 was

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regularly used by the Respondent and his partner, Clohessy, testified that this vehicle can only be used to conduct official IAB business and that only he and the Respondent possessed keys to the vehicle. However, no witness was presented who could testify that the Respondent was observed operating vehicle #169 on November 28, 2003. Although the Department contended that EZ Pass records showed that vehicle #169 had been driven across a toll bridge on November 28, 2003, the Department did not produce an EZ Pass record for this vehicle² which could reliably establish that the vehicle had been driven on that date.

Specification No. 5

The Department presented an “exclusive opportunity” case based on Group 51's computer records. These records show that the Respondent’s confidential IAB computer access code number was used on November 28, 2003, from 1414 hours to 1425 hours, to access corruption case logs in IAB PRO related to the Vasquez arrest (DX 4). Mounts testified credibly that even he did not know the Respondent’s confidential access code and that his code number was never included on any Group 51 list. The Respondent’s own testimony established that the Respondent’s code number was confidential and, under IAB procedures, was to be used only by him.

Moreover the Respondent’s own testimony establishes that he had a strong motive to want to personally access the Vasquez logs on November 28, 2003. As discussed under

² The Department did offer a summary of the vehicle’s toll charges which an unnamed Department employee created after reviewing the EZ Pass records for this vehicle (Department Exhibit 5 for Identification). However, since no witness was presented who could attest to the accuracy of this summary, the reliability of the information contained in this summary could not be established and, as a result, the document was not admitted into evidence.

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Specification No. 2, the Respondent testified that he and Nieves Diaz had a telephone conversation on November 27, 2003, in which they expressed mutual disbelief that Vasquez could have been involved in a “drug rip-off in Queens” resulting in his arrest along with “some guy named Rachko” whom the Respondent had never heard of (Transcript page 307). The Respondent admitted that this was the full extent of his knowledge about the Vasquez arrest on November 27, 2003, and it is clear that both he and Nieves Diaz were extremely interested to know more details about Vasquez alleged involvement in the “drug rip-off” and who Rachko was.

The Respondent’s assertion that it was mere coincidence that Vasquez corruption logs were accessed through a Group 51 computer terminal by someone else who had obtained and improperly used the Respondent’s confidential code number, the day after he and Nieves Diaz had conversed on the telephone about Vasquez arrest, strains credulity. I find that the Respondent’s intense curiosity overcame his better judgment and that he entered his command on his RDO and used his confidential code to access corruption logs in an attempt to obtain information about the Vasquez arrest.

The mere fact that the Department produced no Group 51 member who could testify that he saw the Respondent inside the Group 51 offices on November 28, 2003, does not conclusively establish that the Respondent could not have been there at 1414 hours, the time that the computer records reflect his code was used to log on. Sergeant Teran testified that the Group 51 movement log showed that one Detective should have been inside the Group 51 offices after 1400 hours and that the roll call reflected that Detectives Sirocco and Joholm performed a 1415 tour. However, none of these individuals testified at this trial and their actual whereabouts from 1414 hours to

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1425 hours as well as their ability to view the computer terminal that was accessed using the Respondent's personal code, can not be presumed. The computer records presumptively establish the Respondent's use of a terminal inside his command from 1414 hours until 1425 hours on November 28, 2003, and these records refute his unsupported trial testimony that he did not enter his command that day (Transcript page 309).

The Respondent offered two purely speculative scenarios in an attempt to explain how someone could have used the Respondent's confidential code number to access the Vasquez' logs. He and Clohessy testified that when someone assigned to Group 51 uses their confidential code number to access IAB computer records and then either fails to log out or is asked by a co-worker to access other records, the code of the member who logged on will be reflected as having performed the records search. Yet the Respondent offered no concrete explanation as to how this speculative scenario provided a plausible explanation for the specific access entries regarding November 28, 2003, that are reflected in the Group 51 computer records in evidence (DX 4).

The Respondent also asserted that he had written down his personal, confidential IAB code number on a piece of paper which he had tacked on his bulletin board at his desk and that anyone who merely wandered by his desk could easily have obtained and used his personal, confidential code number. This unsupported claim (Clohessy testified that he never saw this piece of paper) appears neatly contrived to explain how anyone could have used his code number to access IAB computer records via a computer terminal located inside his command at a time when he asserts he was not present at his command, without the Respondent having to accuse a specific co-worker of having used his code.

The Respondent is found Guilty of Specification No. 5.

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PENALTY

In order to determine an appropriate penalty, the Respondent's service record was examined. See Matter of Pell v. Board of Education, 34 N.Y.2d 222 (1974).

The Respondent was appointed to this Department on January 21, 1985. Information from his personnel folder that was considered in making this penalty recommendation is contained in an attached confidential memorandum.

With regard to the Respondent's misconduct of wrongfully divulging official Department business to Nieves Diaz, there is no evidence that the Respondent had any reason to even suspect that Nieves Diaz and Vasquez had ever committed a crime together, much less any reason to suspect that they had stolen cash from a drug dealer (Disciplinary Case No. 80121/04).

Thus, it is clear the Respondent did not telephone Nieves Diaz in order to assist him. Rather, the Respondent called Nieves Diaz to gossip about the arrest of a former co-worker. Moreover, although the Respondent should not have disclosed to Nieves Diaz that Vasquez had just been arrested regarding a "drug rip off," the fact that Nieves Diaz was assigned to OCID Inspections at this time lends legitimacy to the Respondent's claim that he believed that it was likely that Nieves Diaz already knew or would soon learn at his command that Vasquez had been arrested.

Similarly, with regard to the Respondent's misconduct of accessing IAB PRO on his RDO to make unofficial inquiries for non-Departmental purposes, it is clear that the Respondent accessed the Vasquez logs out of mere curiosity and not for any pecuniary or corrupt purpose.

In Disciplinary Case No. 75308/99, the Respondent police officer, who was assigned to the Intelligence Division, was found guilty of wrongfully divulging official Department business

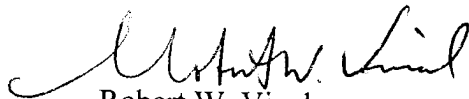
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in that she disclosed to her boyfriend that she had learned that her command had performed a HIDTA check on him. Although the Respondent in that case was required to forfeit 30 vacation days, this penalty reflected the fact that the Respondent was also found guilty of wrongfully associating with a felon. Also, although the Respondent in that case was required to serve one year on dismissal probation, the Respondent in that case was a seven-year member whereas the Respondent here is a 20-year member who has an outstanding performance record and no prior formal disciplinary record.

In consideration of the Respondent's performance record and his lack of a prior formal disciplinary record, it is recommended that the Respondent be required to forfeit 20 vacation days.

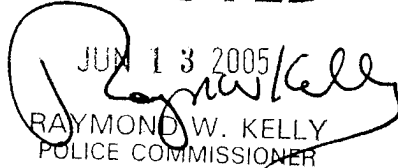
Respectfully submitted,



Robert W. Vinal

Assistant Deputy Commissioner - Trials

APPROVED



JUN 13 2005
RAYMOND W. KELLY
POLICE COMMISSIONER



DISPOSITION OF CHARGES

PD 468-142A (7-93)-h2

CASE NO. 80292/04

BOOK & PAGE NO.
1 of 2

PERSONNEL ORDER NO.

SPECIFICATIONS AGAINST

RANK/SURNAME

Detective Dones, Lissander

FIRST

M.I.

COMMAND
Housing Borough
Bronx/Queens

SHIELD NO.

2648

TAX REGISTRY NO.

885547

SOCIAL SECURITY NO.

050-58-7748

DATE APPOINTED

January 21, 1985

RANK/NAME OF COMPLAINANT
Inspector Valrie JacksonCOMMAND
IAB GROUP #41

DATE OF CHARGES

September 10, 2004

DATE TRIAL COMMENCED

February 1, 2005

DATE TRIAL CONCLUDED

February 2, 2005

TRIAL COMMISSIONER

Honorable Robert W. Vinal

SPECIFICATIONS

DISPOSITION

RECOMMENDED PENALTY
PLEA ☐ TRIAL ☒

1. Said Detective Lissander Dones, assigned to Internal Affairs Bureau, on or about November 26, 2003 and November 28, 2003 did wrongfully and without just cause prevent or interfere with an official Department investigation.

NOT GUILTY

It is recommended that the Respondent forfeit 20 vacation days.

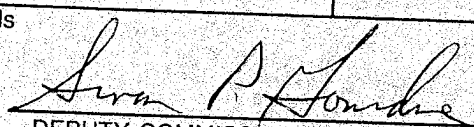
2. Said Detective Lissander Dones, assigned as indicated in Specification No. 1, on or about November 26, 2003 and November 28, 2003, wrongfully divulged or disclosed official Department business.

GUILTY

3. Said Detective Lissander Dones assigned to the Internal Affairs Bureau, during an official Department investigation, conducted by Lieutenant Ronald Mejia and Sergeant Francis Teran of Internal Affairs Bureau Group #41, on September 7, 2004, pursuant to the provisions of Patrol Guide Section 206-13 did wrongfully make false and misleading statements. (As amended)

NOT GUILTY

Reviewed by Deputy Commissioner of Trials


DEPUTY COMMISSIONER6/1/05
DATE

Police Commissioner's Approval:

- ☒ Approved
☐ Disapproved
☐ Other Action (Describe)


POLICE COMMISSIONER6/13/05
DATE



DISPOSITION OF CHARGES

PD 468-142A (7-93)-h2

CASE NO. 80292/04

BOOK & PAGE NO.
2 of 2

PERSONNEL ORDER NO.

SPECIFICATIONS AGAINST
RANK/SURNAME

FIRST

M.I.

COMMAND
Housing Borough
Bronx/Queens

Detective Dones, Lissander

SHIELD NO

2648

TAX REGISTRY NO.

885547

SOCIAL SECURITY NO.

050-58-7748

DATE APPOINTED

January 21, 1985

RANK/NAME OF COMPLAINANT
Inspector Valrie JacksonCOMMAND
IAB GROUP #41

DATE OF CHARGES

September 10, 2004

DATE TRIAL COMMENCED

February 1, 2005

DATE TRIAL CONCLUDED

February 2, 2005

TRIAL COMMISSIONER

Honorable Robert W. Vinal

SPECIFICATIONS

DISPOSITION

RECOMMENDED PENALTY

PLEA ☐ TRIAL ☒

4. Said Detective Lissander Dones assigned to the Internal Affairs Bureau, on or about November 28, 2003, while off duty, did wrongfully and without just cause operate a Department vehicle #169 without permission or authority to do so. (As amended)

NOT GUILTY

See Card No. 1.

5. Said Detective Lissander Dones assigned to the Internal Affairs Bureau, on or about November 28, 2003, while off duty, did access a Department computer, IAB PRO, and make unofficial inquiries for non-Departmental purposes. (As amended)

GUILTY

Reviewed by Deputy Commissioner of Trials

Steven P. Lombardo
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER6/1/05
DATE

Police Commissioner's Approval:

- ☒ Approved
☐ Disapproved
☐ Other Action (Describe)

Robert W. Vinal
POLICE COMMISSIONER6/13/05
DATE